

According to Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice, December 2011

SECTION 1: Identification: Product identifier and chemical identity		
Product identifier		
Product name	Enviro Clean	
Relevant identified uses of the	substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Application	Car maintenance product Cleaning agent.	
Uses advised against	For professional use only. This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use other than the Identified uses above.	
Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet		
Supplier	AutoYou Pty Ltd 450 Graham St Port Melbourne VIC 3207 Australia www.autoyou.com.au Tel: 1300 826 801 (Mon to Fri, 09:00 - 17:00 AEST) (General Information. Transport Information. Mild Medical Information) enquiries@autoyou.com.au	
Contact Person	Mr. Tao Lim	
Emergency telephone number		
Emergency telephone	General Information. Transport Information. Mild medical Information:- Tel: 1300 826 801 (Mon to Fri, 09:00 - 17:00 AEST)	
National emergency telephone number	Poison Information Hotline: 13 11 26	

# SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	
Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Eye Dam. 1 - H318
Environmental hazards	Not Classified
Human health	Irritating to eyes.
Label elements	

## Pictogram



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H318 Causes serious eye damage.
Precautionary statements	P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Supplemental label information	For professional users only.
Contains	C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)

#### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients	
Mixtures	
Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate	5<10%
CAS number: 7320-34-5	
Classification	
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
	0.45%
C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)	3<5%
CAS number: 68439-46-3	
Classification	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	
Eye Dam. 1 - H318	
	0.4.40.00/
2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol	0.1<0.2%
CAS number: 4719-04-4	

## Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Acute Tox. 2 - H330 Skin Sens. 1 - H317

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

## Description of first aid measures

**General information** 

Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.	
Skin Contact	It is important to remove the substance from the skin immediately. In the event of any sensitisation symptoms developing, ensure further exposure is avoided. Remove contamination with soap and water or recognised skin cleansing agent. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.	
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	
Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.	
Ingestion	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.	
Skin contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.	
Indication of any immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically. May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting measures		
Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture		

Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing conforming to Australia/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 4967 (for clothing) AS/NZS 1801 (for helmets), AS/NZS 4821 (for protective boots), AS/NZS 1801 (for protective gloves) will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
SECTION 6: Accidental release	se measures
Personal precautions, protecti	ve equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and material for cont	ainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Following dilution, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be permitted. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.
Reference to other sections	
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
SECTION 7 <sup>-</sup> Handling and sto	rage, including how the chemical may be safely used

SECTION 7: Handling and storage, including how the chemical may be safely used

## Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.	
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.	
Conditions for safe storage, inc	luding any incompatibilities	
Storage precautions	Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.	
Storage class	Chemical storage.	
Specific end use(s)		
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.	
SECTION 8: Exposure controls	and personal protection	
Control parameters		
Ingredient comments	No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).	
	Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate (CAS: 7320-34-5)	
Ingredient comments No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).		
	C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6) (CAS: 68439-46-3)	
Ingredient comme	No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).	
	2,2',2"-(hexahydro-1,3,5-triazine-1,3,5-triyl)triethanol (CAS: 4719-04-4)	
Ingredient comme	No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).	

#### Exposure controls

**Protective equipment** 



# Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and complies with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1716.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. Store in a demarcated bunded area to prevent release to drains and/or watercourses.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Blue.
Odour	Mild.
рН	pH (concentrated solution): ~ 8.0 - 9.0
Melting point	~0°C
Flash point	Not applicable.
Relative density	~1.070 @ (20°C)°C
Viscosity	~1 cSt @ 20°C

Comments	Information declared as "Not available" or "Not applicable" is not considered to be relevant to the implementation of the proper control measures.	
Volatile organic compound	This product contains a maximum VOC content of 0 %.	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	ctivity	
Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.	
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.	
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.	
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological inf	formation	
Information on toxicological eff	fects	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Notes (oral LD <sub>50</sub> )	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	11,363.64	
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD₅)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Notes (inhalation LC <sub>50</sub> )	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)	476.19	
Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Extreme pH	Moderate pH ( > 2 and < 11.5).	
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	

IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.	
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.	
Ingestion	May cause sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.	
Skin Contact	May cause skin sensitisation or allergic reactions in sensitive individuals. Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.	
Route of entry	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact	
Target Organs	No specific target organs known.	
Medical considerations	Skin disorders and allergies.	
Toxicological information on in	aredients.	
	Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate	
Other health effe	<b>cts</b> There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.	
	C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)	
Other health effe	cts There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.	
SECTION 12: Ecological Information		
Ecotoxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.	
Toxicity	oxicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Ecological information on ingredients.		
C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)		
Aquita taviaity fi		

LC50, 96 hours: 10 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - fish

# **Enviro Clean**

	Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates	EC₅₀, 48 hours: 10 mg/l, Daphnia magna
	Acute toxicity - aquatic plants	IC₅₀, 72 hours: 10 mg/l, Algae
Persistence	and degradability	
Persistence	and degradability The deg	radability of the product is not known.
Ecological ir	nformation on ingredients.	
		Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate
	Persistence and degradability	The product is biodegradable.
		C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)
	Persistence and degradability	The product is biodegradable. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them at their direct request, or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.
Bioaccumula	ative potential	
Bioaccumula	ative Potential No data	available on bioaccumulation.
Ecological in	nformation on ingredients.	
		Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate
	Bioaccumulative Potential	The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.
		C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)
		The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.
Mobility in s		
Mobility	The proc	luct is water-soluble and may spread in water systems. The product is non-volatile.
Ecological in	nformation on ingredients.	
		Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate
	Mobility	The product is soluble in water.
		C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)
	Mobility	The product is soluble in water.
Results of P	BT and vPvB assessment	
Ecological in	nformation on ingredients.	
		Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate
	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.
		C9-C11 Alcohol ethoxylate (6)

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria. assessment

#### Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

Ecological information on ingredients.

## Tetrapotassium Pyrophosphate

Other adverse e	ffects	The product may contribute to an excessive enrichment of the aquatic environment with nutrients.	
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations			
Waste treatment methods			
General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.		
Disposal methods	contract	e of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal tor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated g materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. tion or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
SECTION 14: Transport information			
General	•	duct is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods IATA, ADR/RID).	
UN number			
Not applicable.			
UN proper shipping name			
Not applicable.			
Transport hazard class(es)			
No transport warning sign required.			
Packing group			

Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

## Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Schedule (SUSMP)

No Poison Schedule number allocated

#### Inventories

Australia - AICS

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Any other relevant information		
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.	
Revision comments	NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.	
Issued by	Prepared by AutoYou Pty Ltd, Tao Lim, 450 Graham St, Port Melbourne VIC 3207, Australia. www.autoyou.com.au lim@autoyou.com.au Tel: 1300 826 801	
Revision date	28/07/2016	
Revision	2	
Supersedes date	21/02/2013	
SDS No.	10780	
SDS status	Approved.	
Hazard statements in full	H302 Harmful if swallowed. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled.	

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.